

"Working together to fund Washington's future"

Household Tax Burden Model Kris Bitney, June 2020

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Research & Fiscal Analysis



Model Overview

Goal: Estimate average household tax burden by income and region

- Multiple excise tax categories
- Property tax
- Estimate tax burdens under current law or alternative policies

Two Models

- Excise Tax Model
- Property Tax Model



Tax Burden on Households (2014)

Major State and Local Taxes

Current Law										
Household Income	\$0	\$15,000	\$25,000	\$35,000	\$45,000	\$55,000	\$70,000	\$85,000	\$105,000	over
	\$15,000	\$25,000	\$35,000	\$45,000	\$55,000	\$70,000	\$85,000	\$105,000	\$140,000	\$140,000+
Retail Sales Tax	\$905	\$1,170	\$1,453	\$1,690	\$1,988	\$2,340	\$2,729	\$3,217	\$3,832	\$5,908
Alcoholic Beverages Taxes	\$55	\$63	\$78	\$93	\$98	\$119	\$125	\$143	\$167	\$239
Cigarette & Tobacco Taxes	\$156	\$177	\$194	\$197	\$204	\$211	\$198	\$193	\$166	\$119
Insurance Premiums Tax	\$22	\$36	\$47	\$55	\$67	\$74	\$83	\$94	\$107	\$138
Gasoline Tax	\$132	\$184	\$233	\$273	\$311	\$349	\$392	\$427	\$467	\$498
Public Utility Taxes	\$113	\$140	\$157	\$171	\$186	\$199	\$217	\$236	\$258	\$324
Property Tax	\$804	\$1,089	\$1,307	\$1,524	\$1,896	\$2,230	\$2,678	\$3,102	\$3,824	\$6,130
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Total Tax	\$2,187	\$2,859	\$3,469	\$4,003	\$4,749	\$5,522	\$6,422	\$7,413	\$8,821	\$13,354
Tax as % of Income	26.5%	14.2%	11.5%	10.0%	9.5%	8.9%	8.3%	7.8%	7.3%	5.9%



Data Sources

IRS Individual Income Tax Data

• All federal tax returns for Washingtonians in 2017 calendar year

County Property Tax Rolls

- Provided to Department of Revenue by all Washington counties
- Has property values of all land parcels in Washington

American Community Survey (ACS)

- Produced by US Census Bureau
- Nationally representative survey of American households on many topics



County Property Tax Rolls Data

Data point for every land parcel in Washington

- Information about property values, buildings, locations
- Usually includes physical addresses
- Usually includes locally assessed value and property tax exemptions

We focus on single-family units

- Includes residential condominiums and vacation homes
- Single-family units might be owned by households
- Multi-family units are presumed to be rentals



Property Tax Model

- 1. Join IRS Individual Income Tax Data with County Property Tax Rolls data using addresses
- 2. Estimate home ownership based on conditional probability distribution
- 3. Estimate taxable property value for each Washington household (when unavailable)
- 4. Estimate property tax burdens
- 5. Aggregate tax burdens by income decile and geographic region



Joining Datasets: Households and Properties

We join the datasets on address

- We find parcel matches for about 56% of the unique addresses in the IRS dataset
- About 67% of WA households live in single-family units (ACS 2017)
- This accounts for about 72% of taxable property value

Limitations

- Sometimes only mailing addresses are available
- Sometimes addresses are missing
- Year mismatch in datasets
 - Tax returns filed in 2018
 - Properties assessed in 2016
- Human errors such as misspelled city names



Estimating Home Ownership

We do not always know whether a household owns their residence

- Senior Tax Exemption implies ownership
- Mortgage interest deduction implies ownership
- About 57.6% home ownership in WA (ACS 2017)

We estimate home ownership as a conditional distribution

- Probit model
- Covariates include income, family size, geographic region
- We assume home ownership if P(ownership | X) >= 0.8
- This assumption leads to 57.5% estimated home ownership rate



Estimating Taxable Value

Not all households merge to parcels

- About 83% of households living in single-family units are successfully merged with parcel data
- Some portion of the remaining 17% are homeowners for whom we have no taxable property value data

We estimate taxable value with linear regression

- Saturated model
- Covariates include income, family size, geographic region, predicted home ownership, senior tax exemption
- Natural cubic spline for income (six knots)
- Adjusted R^2 of 0.27



Adjustments

- We multiplicatively adjust property tax burdens so they sum to total property tax revenues
- Adjustments are applied statewide, by region, or by county

$$Adjustment = Actual Total Tax Revenue / \left(\frac{Estimated HH Tax Revenue}{Estimated HH \%}\right)$$

- Adjustment for Washington state property taxes is about 0.81
- Adjustment for Washington local property taxes is about 0.88



Policy Considerations

- State property tax levy rates changed substantially between 2017 and 2019
- Before 2018, Washington had a budget-based property tax system
 - Budget-based means levy held fixed, rates adjusted to meet levy
 - Statewide tax rate was about \$1.90 per \$1,000 of taxable value in 2017
- For taxes due in 2018, Washington adopted a rate-based system and an additional "part 2" tax
 - $_{\odot}\,$ Rate-based means levy adjusted to meet target rate
 - Target rate for taxes due in 2018 was \$2.70
 - $_{\odot}$ Target rate for taxes due in 2019 was \$2.40

